Rio de Janeiro Offices Market Report



Market Information



Economy

- Brazilian economy grew 0.8% in the first quarter of the year compared to the previous quarter, above expectations and causing a review in projected GDP growth for the year from 1.9% to 2.3%. The supply side experienced strong growth in agriculture and cattle (11.3%), and 1.4% increase in services. While industry overall dropped 0.1%,
- Inflation, measured by the IPCA (broad consumer price index), dropped from 4.5% in February to 3.9% in May. However, the decline was smaller than projected, due to the more intense increase in food prices. Inflation in 2005 is now expected to be 4%.
- The interest rate, currently at 10.50% annually, is not expected to drop due to pessimism regarding government actions, which have led to a worsening perception of adherence to the fiscal and cost saving policies. The US Dollar, which rose above R\$ 5,70 due to strong instability in early July, should close at R\$ 5,20 by year end.



Transactions

- Lease activity dropped in the quarter.
- Occupied space increased only slightly in Centro, Barra da Tijuca, Botafogo, and Porto. In Cidade Nova, Flamengo/Glória, and Zona Sul returns outpaced new leases, resulting in a decrease in occupied spaces.
- Of the transactions in the quarter involving known parties, most involved service organizations, specifically finance and energy.

Market Indicators

- Lease activity in high-end office space in Rio de Janeiro has stagnated again. Gross absorption of 16.5 thousand m², 47% below the previous quarter. Returns creeped back up in the quarter and this, plus sluggish demand, resulted in almost no growth in occupied office space - 3 thousand m².
- The vacancy rate remained almost unchanged at 31.5%, gross absorption dropped, and a larger volume of premises is being returned by tenants.
- The average asking rent remained almost unchanged at R\$ R\$73.81 /m² per month (R\$ 73,62 /m²/month).



- Prior to the sluggish demand of this quarter, quarterly indicators for high-end office space in Rio de Janeiro had suggested a more active year. Year-to-date net absorption exceeds the total for 2023 and, unless demand drops even more sharply, should return to 2022 levels, which was the first post-pandemic year with more substantial growth.
- While slow, demand has led to a gradual drop in vacancy, and leases to oil and gas players as led to a gradual drop in the vacancy rate.
- Strong supply, a dependence on only a handful of industries for demand, and the country's political and economic instability are critical for resumed growth.

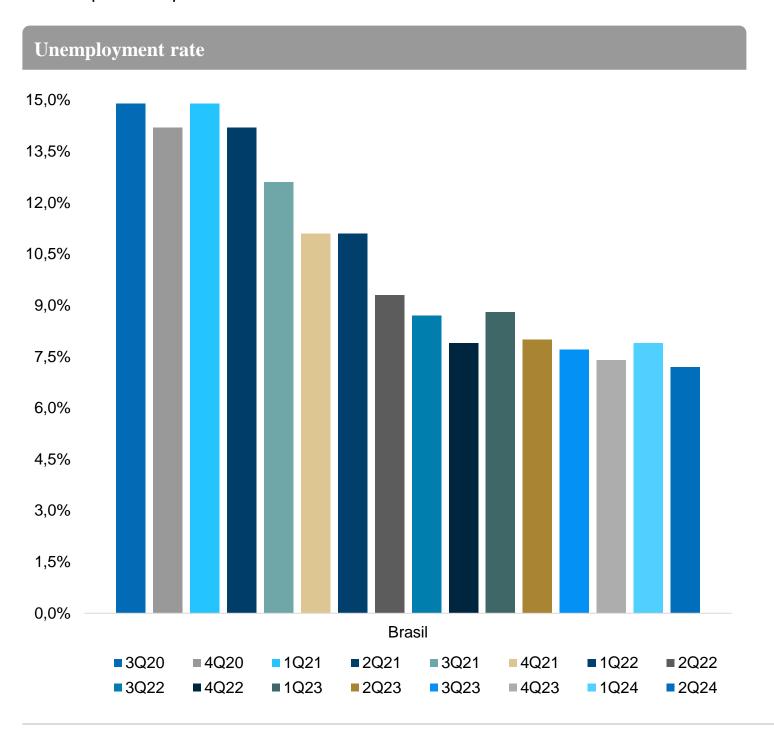
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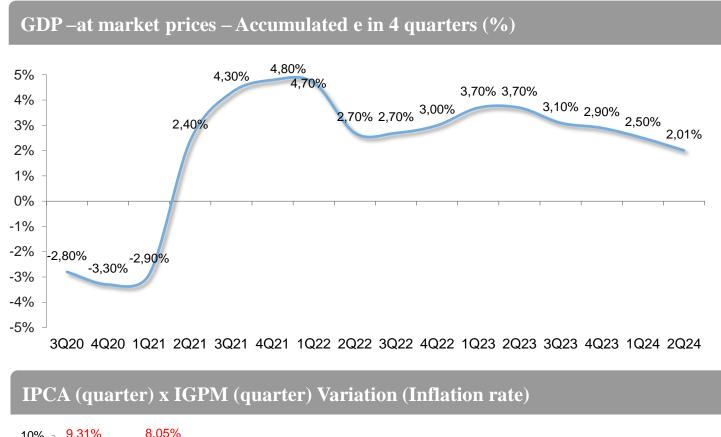
Economy

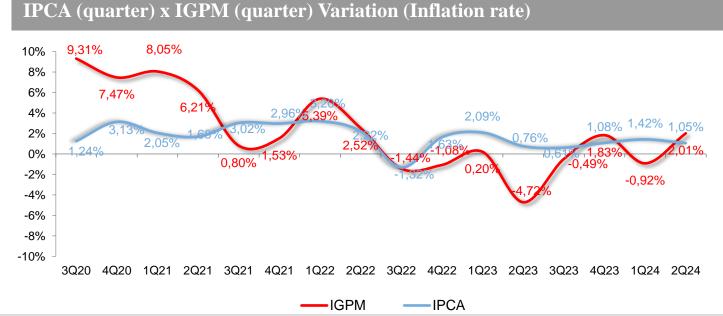


Economy

Despite still experiencing fluctuations, the level of unemployment has been falling, GDP has grown beyond expectations, but inflation is moving away from the Central Bank's target (3.5%), which has increased the level of uncertainty in relation to the dynamism of the economic activity for this year and beyond. A break in the cycle of interest rate drop at 10.5% could impact the speed of transactions in the sector.







Source: IBGE, Banco Central do Brasil, FGV

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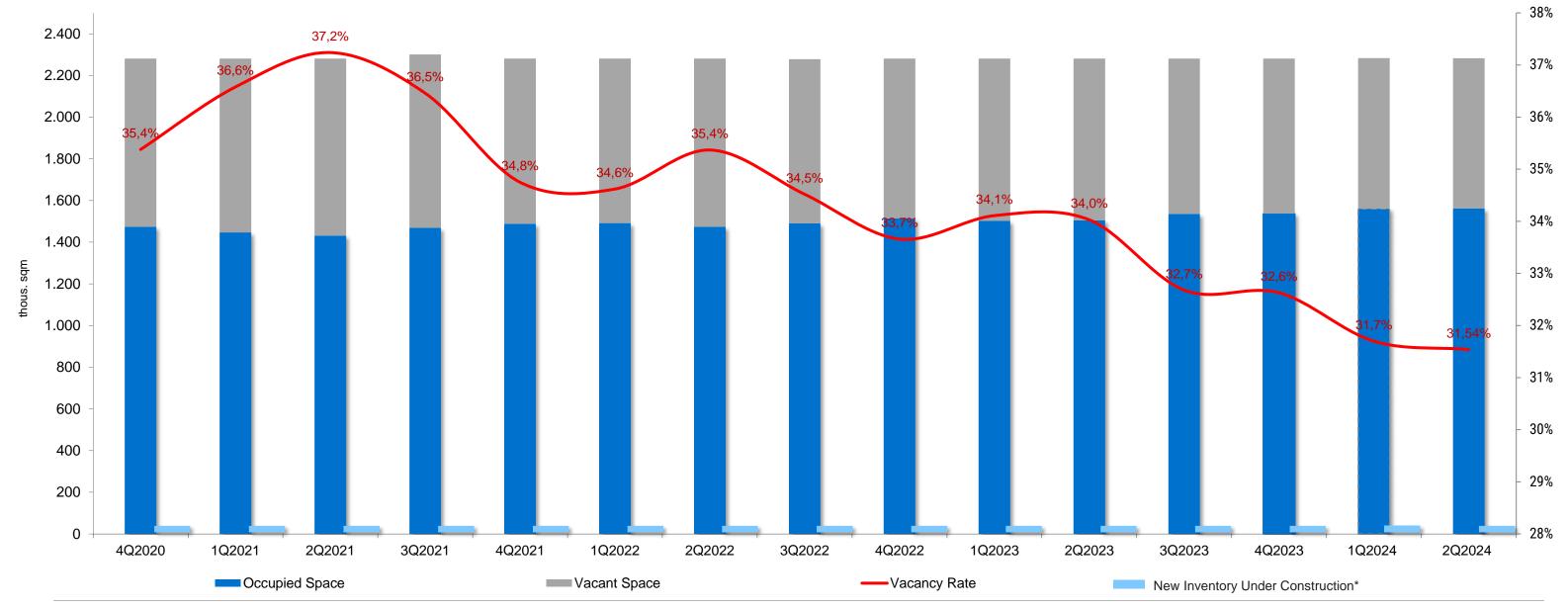
Market Indicators



The volume of vacant space keeps on a downward trend

Although minor, the movement is of drop in the volume of vacancy supply, but offer is still high

Occupied and Vacant Space, Under Construction vs. Vacancy Rate – Class A, AA and AAA

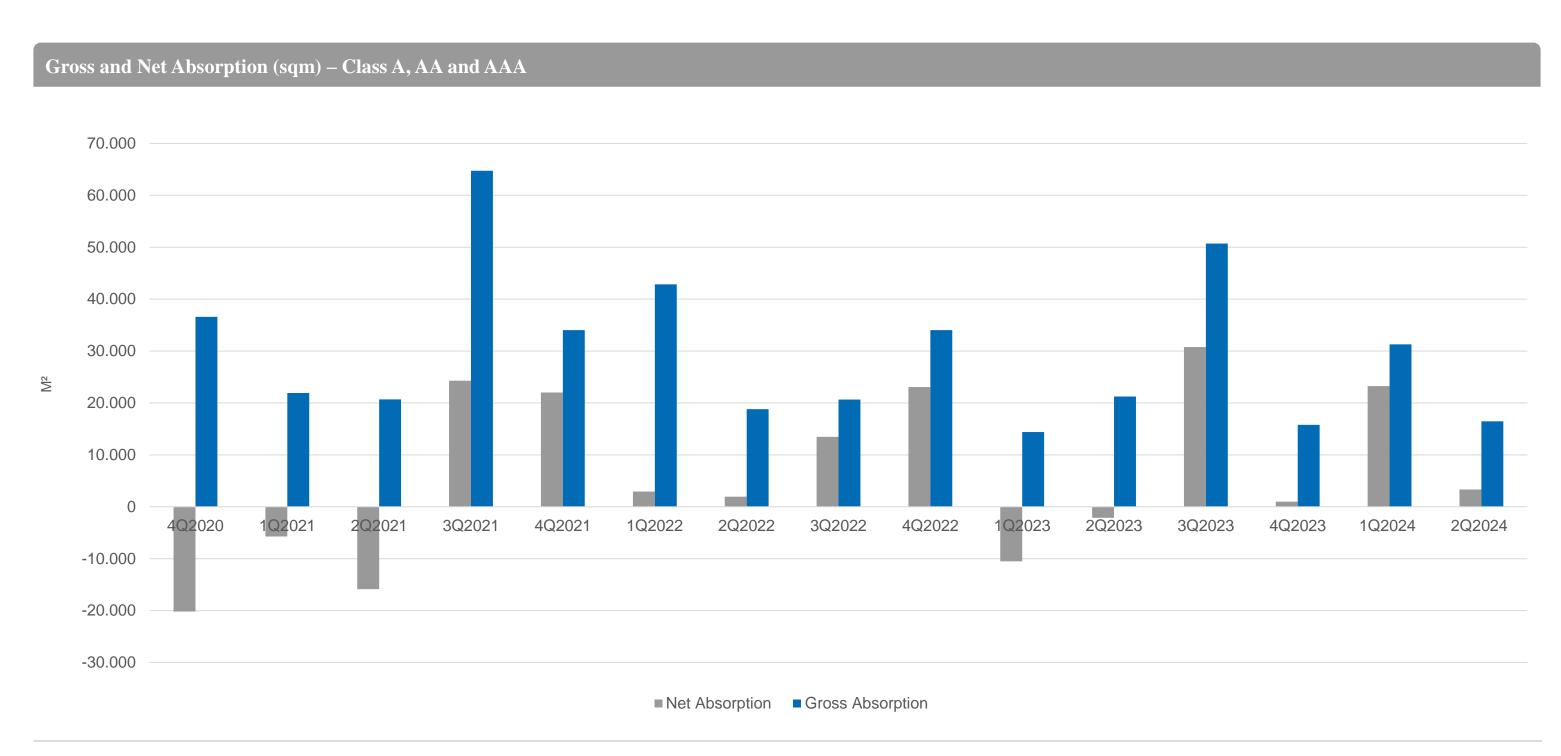


Source: Newmark Brasil - Market Research

*works have started, but no estimated date for conclusion

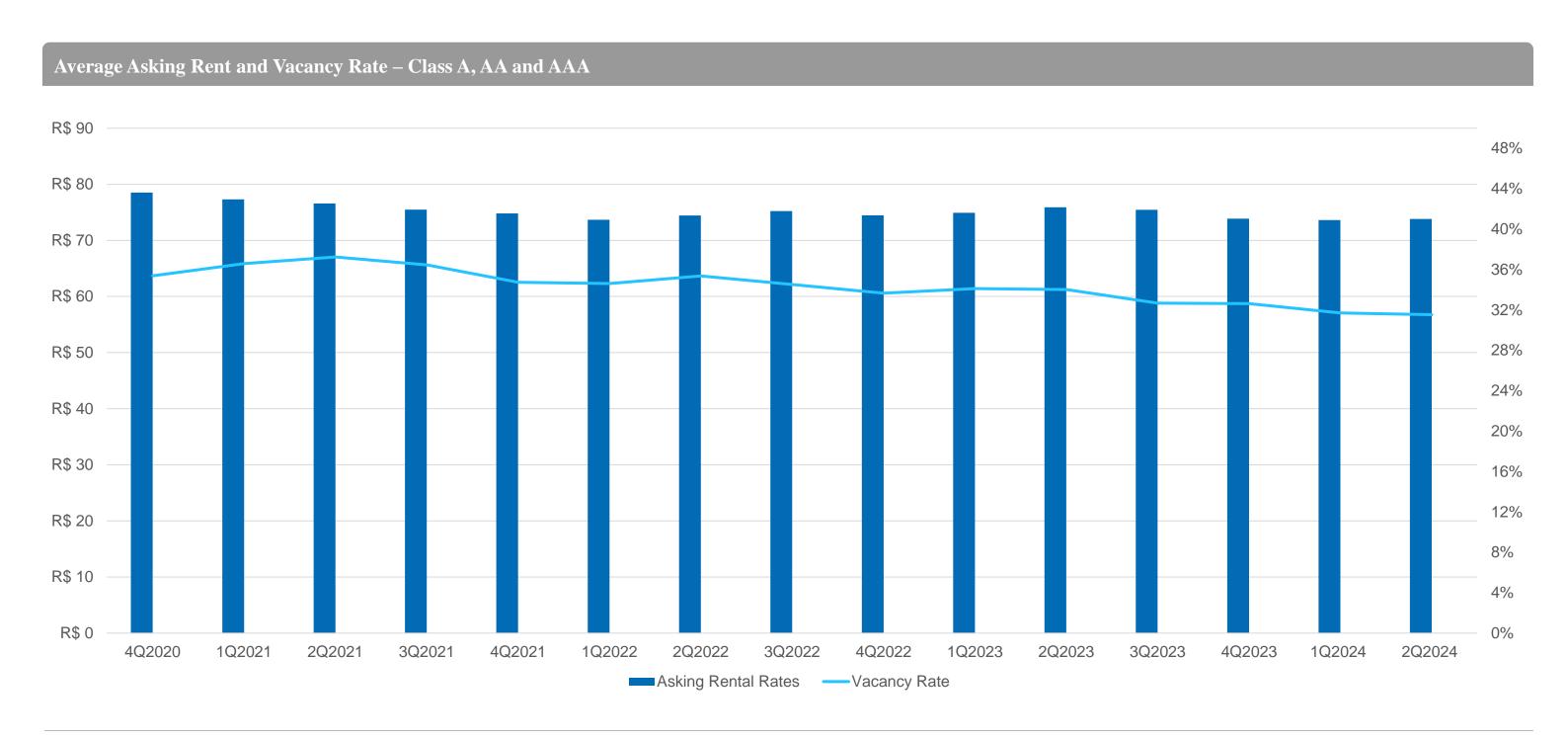
Leasing activity lost steam and returns increased

There was a drop in gross absorption and an increase in office space returns, resulting in a drop in net absorption



Source: Newmark Brasil - Market Research

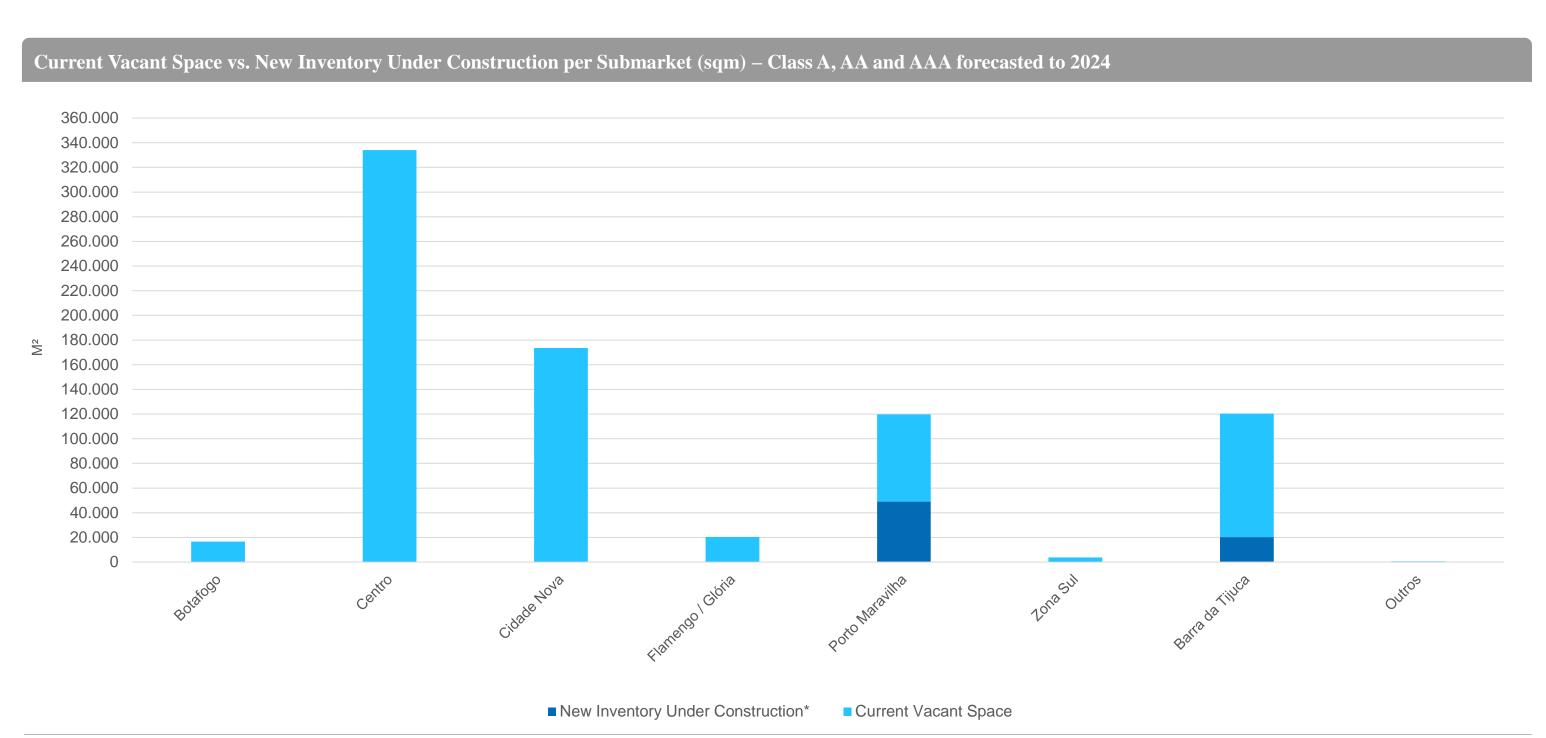
Average asking rental remains practically stable this quarter



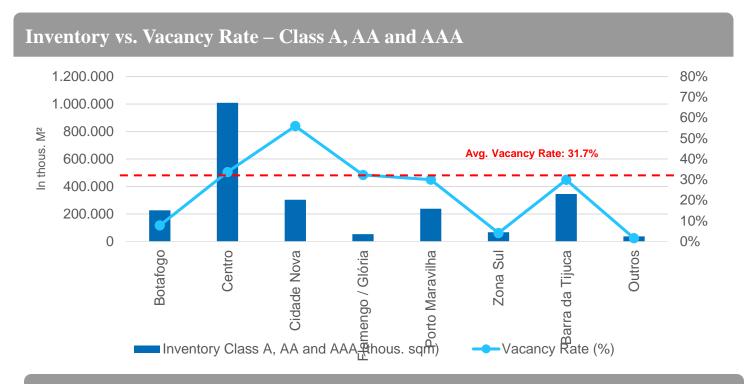
Source: Newmark Brasil - Market Research

Stagnation in construction activity

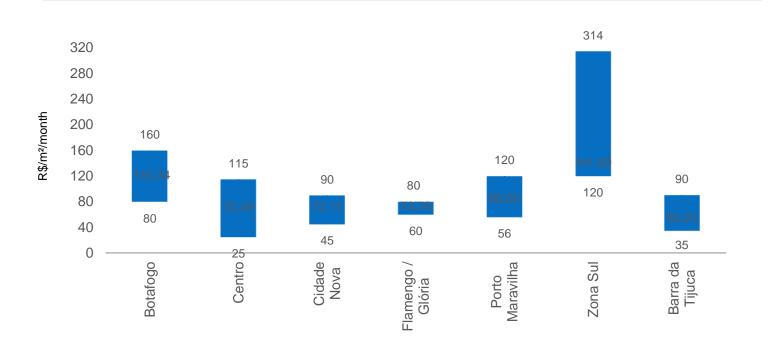
The regions of Porto Maravilha and Barra da Tijuca are those with buildings under construction, but with no forecasted date for conclusion; the low construction activity in Rio de Janeiro has been positive, amid the large volume of vacant space in the city

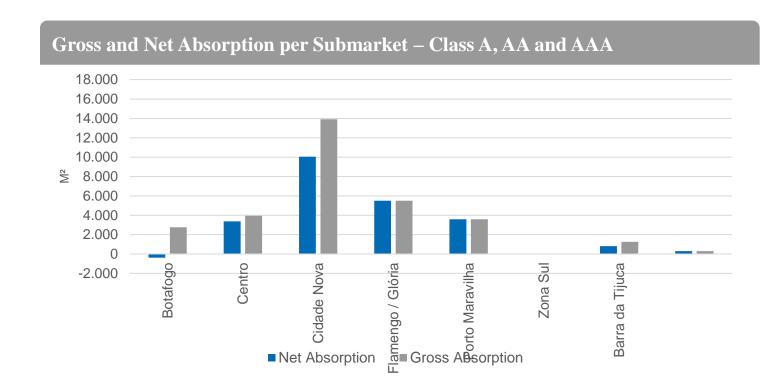


Comparables per Submarket

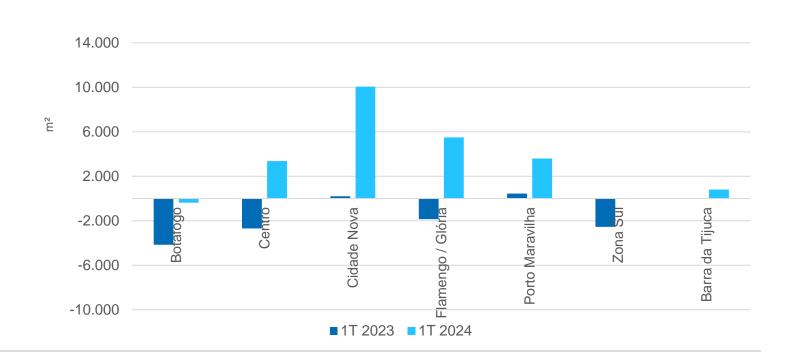


Minimum, Average and Maximum Asking Rent- Classe A, AA e AAA

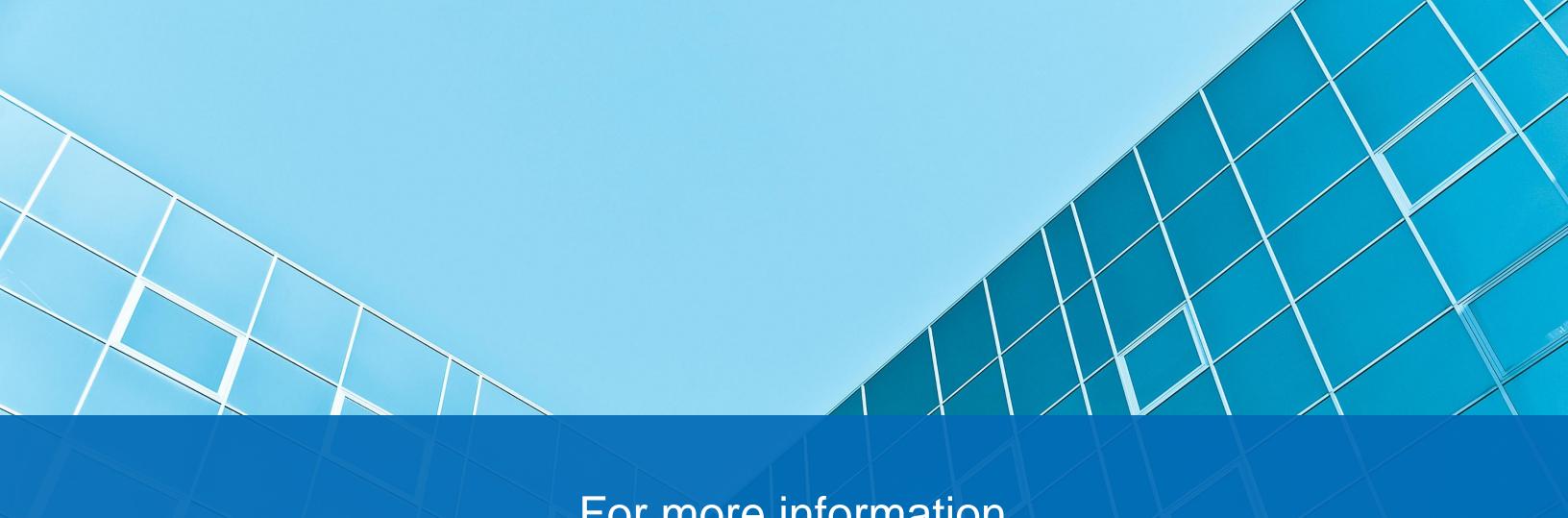




Net Absorption – Annual Variation – Class A, AA and AAA



Source: Newmark Brasil - Market Research



For more information, please reach out your business contact at Newmark Brasil.



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